

Emergency Public Information

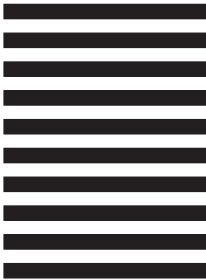
**IMPORTANT INFORMATION
PLEASE SAVE FOR REFERENCE**

**PLEASE UNFOLD FLAP AT
START OF INFORMATION SECTION**

I live in the town of _____



NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE
UNITED STATES



BUSINESS REPLY MAIL
FIRST-CLASS MAIL PERMIT NO. 1 BRATTLEBORO VT
POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

ENTERGY NUCLEAR VERMONT YANKEE, LLC
EMERGENCY PLANNING DEPT
PO BOX 500
BRATTLEBORO VT 05302-9904



I live in the town of _____



NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE
UNITED STATES



BUSINESS REPLY MAIL
FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 2159 CONCORD, NH

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

NEW HAMPSHIRE HOMELAND SECURITY
AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
33 HAZEN DRIVE
CONCORD, NH 03305-9896



As part of our annual Tone-Alert Radio program update, please complete and return this postcard. If you do not know what a Tone-Alert Radio is or are not sure if you live in the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone, please review the Emergency Information section of this calendar. If you live in the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone and your town does not have sirens, or if your town has sirens but you are not within audible siren range you should have a Tone-Alert Radio. If your town has sirens and you are within audible range, you do not need a Tone-Alert Radio.

Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Daytime Phone Number: _____

☐ I would like a Tone-Alert Radio.

☐ I have a Tone-Alert Radio and it is working properly.

☐ I do **NOT** want a Tone-Alert Radio.

☐ I have a Tone-Alert Radio and it is **NOT** working properly.

If your Tone-Alert Radio is **NOT** working properly, have you contacted the town office for a replacement?_____.

Please record the Model No. or CAT. No. of the Tone-Alert Radio (located on the bottom of the radio) and the type of battery it takes.

Do you keep the Tone-Alert Radio plugged in at all times?_____ .

Do you keep the Tone-Alert Radio in alert mode with the volume audible at all times?_____

Please use this space for additional comments or concerns you have regarding the operation of your Tone-Alert Radio.

PLEASE TEAR ALONG DOTTED LINE, SEAL CLOSED WITH ADDRESS
FACING OUT, AND MAIL. NO POSTAGE IS NECESSARY.

THIS INFORMATION WILL BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL For Official Use Only

☐ Yes, I/this person will need help in the event of an emergency:

Name _____

Address _____

City, State, Zip _____

Telephone: _____ TTY _____

Help needed:

I consider myself to be:

☐ A ride

☐ Hard of hearing/deaf

☐ A wheelchair-accessible ride

☐ Blind/low vision

☐ An ambulance

☐ Person in Wheelchair

☐ Individualized notification

☐ Confined to bed

☐ Help with sheltering-in-place

☐ Other (specify) _____

☐ **Service Animal:** Species (type of animal) _____

Weight _____

☐ **Relative or person we can notify to help you in case of an emergency:**

Name _____

Address _____

City, State, Zip _____

Telephone: _____ TTY _____



People with Special Needs

Special provisions have been made to provide transportation for all persons with special needs. For example, special needs could include a walking disability, sight or hearing impairment or need for specialized medical equipment. It is important that you make any special needs known beforehand. Contact your local Emergency Management Director or use this confidential card.

PLEASE TEAR ALONG DOTTED LINE, SEAL CLOSED WITH ADDRESS
FACING OUT, AND MAIL. NO POSTAGE IS NECESSARY.

January






A sixteen-page emergency information section follows the month of December. The page references in each month refer to those pages.

December 2011						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

February 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29			

2012

There is a Family Emergency Planning Guide for you to fill out at the end of the information section of this calendar.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
 1 New Year's Day	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	 9	10	11	12	13	14
15	 16 Martin Luther King's Birthday	17	18	19	20	21
22	 23	24	25	26	27	28
29	 30	31	Emergency Alert System radio stations – see page 4			

February

January 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

March 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1 Siren Test	2 Groundhog Day	3	4 Siren Test
5	6	7 ● FULL MOON Siren Test	8	9	10	11
12 Lincoln's Birthday	13	14 ◐ LAST QUARTER Valentine's Day	15	16 Siren Test	17	18
19	20 President's Day Washington's Birthday	21 ○ NEW MOON	22 Ash Wednesday	23	24	25
26	27	28	29 ◑ FIRST QUARTER	Reception Center locations and travel instructions – see pages 10, 11, 12, and 13		

March

February 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29			

April 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
A message to the neighbors of the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station – see page 1				1	2	3 Siren Test
4	5	6 Siren Test	7 Siren Test	8 ● FULL MOON	9	10
11 Daylight Savings Time Begins at 2 AM	12	13	14 ◐ LAST QUARTER	15 Siren Test	16	17 Evacuation Day St. Patrick's Day
18	19	20 Spring Begins	21	22 ○ NEW MOON	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30 ◑ FIRST QUARTER	31

April

There is a Family Emergency Planning Guide for you to fill out at the end of the information section of this calendar.

March 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

May 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

2012

Have you changed the batteries in your smoke detector and Tone-Alert Radio this year?

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1 Palm Sunday	2	3 Siren Test	4 Siren Test	5	6 ● FULL MOON Passover Begins This Evening Good Friday	7 Siren Test
8 Easter	9	10	11	12	13 ◐ LAST QUARTER	14
15	16 Patriot's Day	17	18	19 Siren Test	20	21 ○ NEW MOON
22 Earth Day	23	24	25	26	27 Arbor Day	28
29 ◐ FIRST QUARTER	30	Emergency classifications at a nuclear power plant – see page 2				

May

April 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

June 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		1	2	3	4	 FULL MOON 5
		Siren Test	Siren Test			Siren Test
6	7	8	9	10	11	 LAST QUARTER 12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Mother's Day				Siren Test		
 NEW MOON 20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	 FIRST QUARTER 28	29	30	31		
	Memorial Day					

June

2012

May 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

July 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
<p>About Vermont Yankee, the facts about the power plant – see page 1</p>					1	2
3	 FULL MOON	4	5	6	7	8
		Siren Test	Siren Test			9
10	 LAST QUARTER	11	12	13	14	16
				Flag Day	15	
17	18	 NEW MOON	19	20	21	23
Bunker Hill Day Father's Day			Summer Begins	Siren Test	22	
24	25	 FIRST QUARTER	26	27	28	30
					29	

July

June 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

August 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	2	 FULL MOON 3 Siren Test	4 Independence Day Siren Test	5	6	7
8	9	 LAST QUARTER 10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	 NEW MOON 19 Siren Test	20	21
22	23	24	25	 FIRST QUARTER 26	27	28
29	30	31	Shelter-in-place instructions – see page 5			

August






There is a Family Emergency Planning Guide for you to fill out at the end of the information section of this calendar.

July 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

September 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30						

2012

Have you changed the batteries in your smoke detector and Tone-Alert Radio this year?

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Notification instructions in case of an emergency – see page 3			 FULL MOON 1 Siren Test	2	3	4 Siren Test
5	6	7 Siren Test	8	 LAST QUARTER 9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16 Bennington Battle Day Siren Test	 NEW MOON 17	18
19	20	21	22	23	 FIRST QUARTER 24	25
26	27	28	29	30	 FULL MOON 31	

September

August 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

October 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
<p>September is National Preparedness Month – for more information, go to www.ready.gov</p>						<p>1</p> <p>Siren Test</p>
2	3 Labor Day	4 Siren Test	5 Siren Test	6	7	<p>8</p> <p>LAST QUARTER</p>
9 Grandparent's Day	10	11	12	13	14	<p>15</p> <p>NEW MOON</p>
16 Rosh Hashanah Begins Tonight	17	18	19	20 Siren Test	21	<p>22</p> <p>FIRST QUARTER</p> <p>Autumn Begins</p>
23 30	24	25 Yom Kippur Begins Tonight	26	27	28	<p>29</p> <p>FULL MOON</p>

October

Have you changed the batteries in your carbon monoxide detectors and smoke detectors this year?

September 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30						

November 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

2012

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	1	2	3	4	5	6
		Siren Test	Siren Test			Siren Test
7	 LAST QUARTER 8	9	10	11	12	13
	Columbus Day					
14	 NEW MOON 15	16	17	18	19	20
				Siren Test		
 FIRST QUARTER 21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	 FULL MOON 29	30	31	Emergency Planning Zone, are you in it? See page 2.		
			Halloween			

November

October 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

December 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

2012

There is a Family Emergency Planning Guide for you to fill out at the end of the information section of this calendar.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Special Considerations: People with special needs and your pets – see pages 6 and 7				1	2	3 Siren Test
4 Daylight Savings Time Ends at 2 AM	5	6 LAST QUARTER Election Day Siren Test	7 Siren Test	8	9	10
11 Veteran's Day	12	13 NEW MOON	14	15 Siren Test	16	17
18	19	20 FIRST QUARTER	21	22 Thanksgiving	23	24
25	26	27	28 FULL MOON	29	30	

December

November 2012						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

January 2013						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

2012

Have you changed the batteries in your smoke detector and Tone-Alert Radio this year?





Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Do you need a Tone-Alert Radio? See page 4 for information on how to obtain one.						1 Siren Test
2	3	4 Siren Test	5 Siren Test	6  LAST QUARTER	7	8 Hanukkah Begins Tonight
9	10	11	12	13  NEW MOON	14	15
16	17	18	19	20  FIRST QUARTER Siren Test	21 Winter Begins	22
23 30	24 Christmas Eve New Year's Eve 31	25 Christmas Day	26	27	28  FULL MOON	29

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April 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	May 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	June 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
July 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	August 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	September 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
October 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	November 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	December 2013 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
January 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	February 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	March 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
April 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	May 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	June 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
July 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	August 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	September 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
October 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	November 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	December 2014 S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

2013

2014

A Message to Neighbors of the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station

This important information is provided to you as a public service by your State Emergency Management Organization and Vermont Yankee.

It tells you what to do in the event of an emergency at the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station.

Some of this information would also be useful in other emergencies requiring public notification and possible public response. Such emergencies may include train derailments, chemical spills, floods, hurricanes, earthquakes, and tornadoes.

In keeping with this all-hazard approach, be aware that many of the same devices and procedures are used for all types of hazards. For example, if you hear a siren signal, you cannot assume that it is for a particular hazard until you confirm it by listening to the Emergency Alert System message. Do not take any action until you listen to that message or other reliable source.

**Please read this calendar and keep it
in a safe and accessible place.**

About Vermont Yankee

The Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station located in Vernon, Vermont is a single unit boiling water reactor. In this type of power plant, uranium atoms fission (split) producing heat. This heat causes the water in the reactor vessel to boil and turn to steam. The steam turns a turbine which powers a generator to produce electricity just like a coal- or oil-fired plant. A transformer converts the electricity into a high voltage current that is then sent to the power grid via high-tension wires. The steam is converted into water in condensers and pumped back to the reactor vessel so that it can be boiled again. Vermont Yankee generates 650 megawatts of electricity which meets approximately 35% of the overall energy requirements of the State of Vermont without producing greenhouse gases or other air pollutants and has operated safely and reliably since 1972.

Vermont Yankee Safety Systems

Vermont Yankee has numerous safety features designed to protect the plant, the environment, and the health and safety of the people around the plant if a problem occurred. These safety systems include the following:

- Several separate sources of cooling water to prevent the fuel from overheating in normal and emergency conditions
- Backup systems and components for key plant functions
- A leak-tight, steel-reinforced concrete containment building
- Backup electric power supplies to operate all key components

Emergency Classifications

If an emergency is declared at the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station, it would be categorized into one of four emergency levels.

- **Unusual Event:** This means a minor problem has occurred at the plant. It may involve injury to a worker, hazardous weather or an equipment problem. Public officials would be notified, but there would be no need to notify the public. People in the area would not need to take any special actions.
- **Alert:** This could affect plant safety but it is not expected to require any special actions by residents. Public officials would be notified. They would watch the situation and be ready to act if it got worse. As a precaution, public officials may mobilize transportation resources. They may transfer school children to host facilities outside the area and clear state forests and waterways. Emergency Alert System radio or news broadcasts would inform the public of these actions.
- **Site Area Emergency:** This means a more serious problem affecting the plant and plant boundaries has occurred. Any release of radioactive materials from the plant would be below federal limits. State and local officials would keep persons in the area fully informed about any necessary actions through Emergency Alert System radio stations. As a precaution, public officials would transfer school children to host facilities outside the area if this had not already been done. Other precautions would be called for by state officials, as needed.
- **General Emergency:** This is the most serious type of emergency. It could involve serious damage to the plant and the release of radioactive materials. State officials might direct persons in some areas to shelter-in-place or evacuate to a safer location. Warning signals would notify persons in the area. Special instructions and other important information would be issued over the Emergency Alert System radio stations.

Are You in the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ)?

The area approximately 10 miles around the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station is called the Emergency Planning Zone. Plans have been developed for warning and protecting people within this 10-mile area (refer to the map on page 10). Communities in the Emergency Planning Zone are:

Massachusetts:	Bernardston*
	Colrain
	Gill
	Greenfield
	Leyden*
	Northfield
	Warwick
New Hampshire:	Chesterfield*
	Hinsdale*
	Richmond*
	Swanzey
	Winchester*
Vermont:	Brattleboro*
	Dummerston*
	Guilford*
	Halifax*
	Marlboro*
	Vernon*

* The entire town is in the EPZ

How You Will be Notified of an Emergency

If there is an emergency requiring public notification, you will be alerted by one or more of the following warning signals:



A Tone-Alert Radio sounding a tone followed by a message.



The loud, steady tone of the town emergency management siren, lasting 3 to 5 minutes.



Broadcasts from loudspeakers on emergency vehicles – This is known as “Route Alerting”.



Special announcements on local Emergency Alert System radio stations – See page 4 for a radio station near you.



A message on TTYs (telecommunication devices to assist the deaf and hard of hearing to include teletypewriter) if you have registered with your town's emergency management office to be notified over TTY in case of an emergency.



The Rapid Emergency Notification Telephone System (RENTS) – In the event of a serious emergency requiring public notification, a recorded message can be sent to every listed business and residential phone in an EPZ community alerting them to the emergency and directing them to tune to a local Emergency Alert System (EAS) radio station for further information. This notification system can be used for all types of emergencies including one at Vermont Yankee.

EPZ residents who wish to register their unlisted landline telephone number or personal cellular telephone number to the RENTS call list can do so by following the instructions on the back page of this calendar.

If you are notified by telephone, please listen to the entire message.

If you hear any of these signals, tune to an Emergency Alert System radio station in your state immediately.

Check with your neighbors, especially the elderly or those who have difficulty hearing or seeing, to make sure they have received the warning signal and know what to do.

Tone-Alert Radios

Obtaining a Tone-Alert Radio

If you do not have one, or if yours is inoperable, you can obtain a Tone-Alert Radio from your town Emergency Management Director or by completing the request card included with this calendar. If you are in need of a new battery(s) for your radio, a listing of Emergency Alert System (EAS) radio stations, or instructions on radio use, please contact your Emergency Management Office (see page 9). If you are in need of any of the above information and find it more convenient, you may contact Vermont Yankee Toll Free at 1-888-766-3765.

Operation

It is very important to keep your radio plugged in at all times. You should check your radio's operability by battery as well in case of a power failure. Please leave your Tone-Alert Radio in the alert status at all times. Your radio may sound for any number of emergencies such as a weather emergency or natural disaster. We suggest that you place your radio near a window in your home. Radios typically have better reception if placed near an "open" area of your home or business.

Special Tone-Alert Radios

Special Tone-Alert Radios for the deaf or hard of hearing are available for distribution to residents living in the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ). These special Tone-Alert Radios are available free of charge to hearing impaired residents from their local Emergency Management Office (see page 9) or from Vermont Yankee by calling 1-888-766-3765.

Tone-Alert Radio Tests

Tone-Alert Radios are tested on Wednesday mornings, between 11:00 AM and 12:30 PM. Your radio will be activated by the National Weather Service during the test, in an emergency, or severe weather. If you miss the test, you can turn it on and listen to the recurring weather broadcast at WBM68 162.425 MHz. If bad weather occurs, the test will be postponed to Thursday of the same week at the same time.

Emergency Alert System (EAS)

If you are alerted by a warning signal, you should tune to a local Emergency Alert System (EAS) station for emergency instructions. EAS is the direct link between you and the people responsible for public safety. Instructions will be given to you at any hour, day or night, and will include recommendations as to what you should do for your protection. Follow instructions carefully. Do not worry if you miss the beginning of an emergency broadcast as information will be provided regularly.

EAS Stations

Massachusetts	WBZ	Boston	1030	AM
	WHYN	Springfield	93.1	FM
	WHYN	Springfield	560	AM
	WHMQ	Greenfield	1240	AM
	WHAI	Greenfield	98.3	FM
	WPVQ	Greenfield	95.3	FM
	WIZZ	Greenfield	1520	AM*
	WRSI	Northampton	93.9	FM
New Hampshire	WKBK	Keene	1290	AM
	WKNE	Keene	103.7	FM
	WZBK	Keene	1220	AM
	WINQ	Keene	98.7	FM
	WYRY	Keene	104.9	FM
	WTSA	Brattleboro	96.7	FM
Vermont	WTSA	Brattleboro	1450	AM
	WKVT	Brattleboro	92.7	FM
	WKVT	Brattleboro	1490	AM
	WVPR	Brattleboro	94.5	FM
	WVPR	Windsor	89.5	FM
	WRSY	Marlboro	101.5	FM
	WVAY	West Dover	100.7	FM
	*Not on the air 24 hours a day			

In case of an emergency, always stay tuned to an Emergency Alert System (EAS) radio station in the state you are in.

Always listen to one of the radio stations listed for the state you are in.

What to Do When Told to Shelter-In-Place

You may be instructed to shelter-in-place, which means you should immediately go indoors. If a shelter-in-place message is given for your community over the Emergency Alert System radio station, you should do the following:

CHECK-OFF BOXES ARE TO HELP YOU PLAN.

- ☐ Go indoors and close all doors and windows.
- ☐ Choose a location on the lower level and as near the center of your home as possible. Avoid being near windows or exterior doors.
- ☐ Turn off all window fans, air conditioners, clothes dryers, kitchen and bath exhaust fans, and other sources of outside air.
- ☐ Continue to listen to an EAS radio station for official messages and instructions.
- ☐ Keep pets indoors.
- ☐ If you have livestock, shelter them too. Give them stored feed and water from a covered source. See page 13 for additional information.
- ☐ Stay inside until officials say otherwise. If you must go outside, cover your nose and mouth with a folded, damp cloth. Persons with respiratory disorders should not go out at all.
- ☐ If you are traveling in a motor vehicle in the affected area, close the windows and air vents and turn off the heater or air conditioner. Keep the radio tuned to an EAS station.
- ☐ If outdoors, go inside a nearby building. If none is available, leave the area immediately.
- ☐ If sheltering-in-place is recommended during school hours, children will be sheltered in the school building and cared for by school personnel.
- ☐ **DO NOT** use your phone unless you need special assistance. Using your phone may jam lines needed for emergency communication.

What to Do When Told to Evacuate

If an evacuation is necessary, public safety officials will tell you what to do over an Emergency Alert System radio station. **DO NOT** evacuate unless directed to do so by public safety officials. When told to evacuate, you should do the following.

- ☐ Gather all persons in the house together.
- ☐ We recommend you **DO NOT** pick up children at their schools. They will be taken to a designated host facility outside the area where you may pick them up later.
- ☐ Household members outside the area may be advised not to return during an evacuation. They will be directed to the reception center where they can join you.
- ☐ **DO NOT** call your local fire or police departments for information. Emergency workers will need their telephone lines for emergency use. If you need special assistance, call your local Emergency Management Office at the number listed on page 9.
- ☐ Listen carefully to an Emergency Alert System (EAS) Radio station. (See page 4 for listing.)
- ☐ The Director of Public Health may recommend that evacuating persons who have elected to ingest potassium iodide (KI) may do so, if available.

What to Do as You Leave

- ☐ Turn off lights and unnecessary appliances.
- ☐ Close and lock windows and doors.
- ☐ Check with neighbors to see if they need assistance and offer to share transportation, if you can.
- ☐ If you need a ride, try to get one with neighbors.
- ☐ If you cannot get a ride and have not registered with your local Emergency Management Office for transportation assistance in an emergency, call the office at the number listed on page 9. Emergency workers will arrange transportation for you.
- ☐ If you have livestock, shelter them. Leave them a three-day supply of stored feed and water that has been protected from possible contamination.

What To Take With You

Just take essential items you would need. You could be away from home for a few hours to a few days. These are suggestions that apply to any type of emergency evacuation.

- ☐ **This calendar.**
- ☐ Your address book.
- ☐ Clothing and toilet articles (soap, toothbrush, toothpaste, shampoo, etc.) for several days.
- ☐ Prescription medicines, eye glasses, contact lenses, hearing aids with batteries, medical records, etc.
- ☐ Special dietary foods.
- ☐ Baby supplies.
- ☐ Blankets, pillows, and towels (if you stay at a public mass care shelter).
- ☐ Identification (drivers license or passport), important papers, checkbook, credit card(s), keys to your home, vehicle(s), safety deposit box, etc.
- ☐ Pet supplies if you are taking a pet including a cage if available.
- ☐ Other easily carried and secured items crucial to your living away from your home and workplace for a number of days.

About Your Pets

FEMA defines a **household pet** as, “A domesticated animal, such as a dog, cat, bird, rabbit, rodent, or turtle that is kept in the home, can travel in commercial carriers, and be housed in temporary facilities. Household pets do not include reptiles (except turtles), amphibians, fish, insects/arachnids, farm animals (including horses), and animals kept for racing purposes.

For additional information and checklists, visit the American Red Cross website at www.redcross.org/.

A **service animal** is, “Any guide dog, signal dog, or other animal individually trained to provide assistance to an individual with a disability.”

Plan how to take your pets with you. Only service animals will be allowed inside the reception centers and mass care shelters.

IF YOU GO, THEY GO. DO NOT LEAVE YOUR PETS BEHIND. ARRANGE FOR THEIR EVACUATION IN ADVANCE.

- ☐ If you must evacuate, the most important thing you can do to protect your pets is to evacuate them too. Prepare for the day when you and your pets may have to leave your home.
- ☐ Since many human shelters will not accept animals, compile a list of places you could take your pets if you evacuate your home such as boarding kennels or veterinary hospitals with boarding facilities outside your area, friends or relatives outside the affected area, or motels that will accept you and your pets in case of emergency.
- ☐ Develop a **Buddy System** with neighbors, friends, and relatives to make sure someone is available to evacuate your pets and care for them if you are unable to do so.
- ☐ Prepare an emergency kit for your pets with copies of your pet’s vaccination and medical records, a current photograph, collars and leashes, a 3-day supply of water and food in moisture-proof containers, bowls, litter and a litter box, a first aid kit, and a week’s supply of any medication your pet may be taking.
- ☐ Ensure your pet wears a collar with a current license tag, rabies tag and identification tag with your name, address, and phone number of a relative who lives outside the area who can be contacted if you cannot be reached.
- ☐ Get a sturdy pet carrier for each of your pets. Favorite toys or blankets will provide comfort to your pet should you be temporarily separated. Note: It is important to keep your pet’s microchip information up-to-date.

People With Special Needs

Let your local Emergency Management Director know in **advance** if you need any special assistance during an emergency. Special help can be made available to you.

Your local Emergency Management Organization is prepared to help you if you have a special need and/or would need assistance during a public emergency. If you or someone in your household would need special help in being notified of an emergency, sheltering-in-place, evacuating, or staying in a mass care shelter, please let the Emergency Management Director know immediately. Special help is available, but is best planned **before** an emergency happens. Please fill out the confidential special needs card included with this calendar. **A new card should be sent in every year to update your information.**

If you know someone who is blind or might have difficulty reading this calendar, please read it to them. Emergency information is also available in other formats or at your town library. If you are hard of hearing and would need to be notified of a public emergency, on a TTY (telephone device for the deaf), please notify your local Emergency Management Office. You may use the special needs card included with this calendar.

ALL INFORMATION IS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND FOR USE DURING AN ACTUAL EMERGENCY.

If you have children who might be home alone, make sure they understand the information in this calendar and know what to do in an emergency. It is especially important that they know how to tune to their Emergency Alert System radio station.

Siren Testing

One of the ways you can be alerted to an emergency is by the emergency sirens sounding for three minutes or longer. The sirens are tested on a regular basis. So there will be no confusion as to the intent of a siren sounding, the following is a list of testing days and times.

Brattleboro, VT	First Saturday of the month at	12 noon
Dummerston, VT	First Saturday of the month at	12 noon
Guilford, VT	First Saturday of the month at	12 noon
Vernon, VT	Third Thursday of the month at	7:00 PM
Chesterfield, NH	First Saturday of the month at	12:30 PM
Hinsdale, NH	First Tuesday of the month at	6:00 PM
Richmond, NH	First Saturday of the month at	12:30 PM
Swanzy, NH	First Saturday of the month at	12:30 PM
Winchester, NH	First Saturday of the month at	12:30 PM
Bernardston, MA	First Wednesday of the month at	7:00 PM
Colrain, MA	First Wednesday of the month at	7:00 PM
Gill, MA	First Wednesday of the month at	7:00 PM
Leyden, MA	First Wednesday of the month at	7:00 PM
Northfield, MA	First Wednesday of the month at	7:00 PM

Accidental Siren Sounding

Occasionally, a siren or sirens sound accidentally. If you hear a siren, tune immediately to your Emergency Alert System station for information (see page 4 for the list). EAS messages would only be used in the event of an actual emergency. If the sirens were sounded unintentionally, you would be notified via a regular news broadcast.

**Please do not use 911 to report an
accidental siren activation.**

Facts About Radiation

Radiation is energy produced by atoms in the form of particles or waves. It is called radiation because the energy “radiates” outward in straight lines in all directions from the source. Radiation cannot be seen, heard, tasted, smelled, or felt. Nuclear weapons, nuclear reactors, radioactive substances, and X-rays emit ionizing radiation which can change the atoms that it comes in contact with.

Background radiation is low-level ionizing radiation that is naturally occurring or produced by humans. Some examples of naturally occurring radiation are the carbon and potassium in our bodies, cosmic radiation from outer space, radon gas, and radioactive material in the earth’s crust such as granite and coal. Man-made sources include the X-ray machines and radioactive drugs that doctors use to diagnose and treat disease as well as fallout from weapons testing, building materials, and emissions from coal-fired power plants. We also use consumer goods like smoke detectors, televisions, and tobacco products that emit ionizing radiation.

Radiation dose is measured in Rem and millirem (one one-thousandth of a Rem). In 2006, the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements adjusted the average amount of background radiation dose that a person living in the United States receives from approximately 360 millirem per year to approximately 620 millirem per year. This was due to an increase in the amount of radiation dose from medical procedures. The actual amount of radiation dose you receive is dependent upon a variety of factors including where you live. The following websites allow you to calculate your own background radiation dose.

<http://www.ans.org/pi/resources/dosechart/>

<http://www.epa.gov/rpdweb00/understand/calculate.html>

About 20% of the electricity produced in the United States comes from nuclear power. Nuclear power plants generate radioactive material in the process of making electricity. Shielding in the form of concrete, steel, and lead is used to protect individuals from exposure to the radiation given off by radioactive material. In addition, federal and state law mandates exposure limits for the general public and occupational workers. This is because radiation in large doses may cause immediate observable health effects or increase the chance of health problems later in life.

Although there could be a serious accident at a nuclear power plant which releases radioactive material, these accidents are very rare. Emergency plans have been put in place by local and state governments, federal agencies, and electric utilities to protect individuals in the event something should occur. These emergency plans involve close cooperation with police, fire departments, and transportation companies. If a serious accident happened, people living near the plant would be asked to reduce exposure by sheltering in place or evacuating the area until the radioactive material dispersed.

Call (800) 322-0242 or access <http://www.vermontyankee.com> to learn more about Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station. In the event of an emergency, telephone lines would be used for public information, rumor control, and providing up-to-date reports on plant conditions.

VERMONT YANKEE

1-800-322-0242

Plans for Children in School or Child Care

Schools: All schools within the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) have emergency plans. In an emergency, school children inside the EPZ will be moved to reception centers outside the EPZ. **We recommend you do not pick up your children at school or call the school.** Instead, we recommend that you call the town where your child attends school to determine the selected reception center for their school (town phone numbers are in the adjacent column). You will be able to pick children up at the designated reception center.

Children who live inside the EPZ but who go to a school outside the area will be kept at their school until their parents pick them up.

If an emergency existed before the start of the school day, school could be canceled, as it is when there is danger of a winter storm.

Child Care Centers: Child care centers within the EPZ have emergency plans. In an emergency, child care centers will be closed. Children will be taken to a reception center outside the EPZ where they can be picked up.

In a sudden, serious emergency, children may be taken directly to a reception center for monitoring and, if necessary, decontamination.

Parents should listen to a local Emergency Alert System radio station to confirm this information at the time of an emergency.

Important Telephone Numbers

Remember, in a public emergency, do not use your telephone except to request help if you need it. For information, listen to a local Emergency Alert System radio station. It is important to leave telephone lines open and emergency workers available for people who need immediate help.

For Help During an Emergency

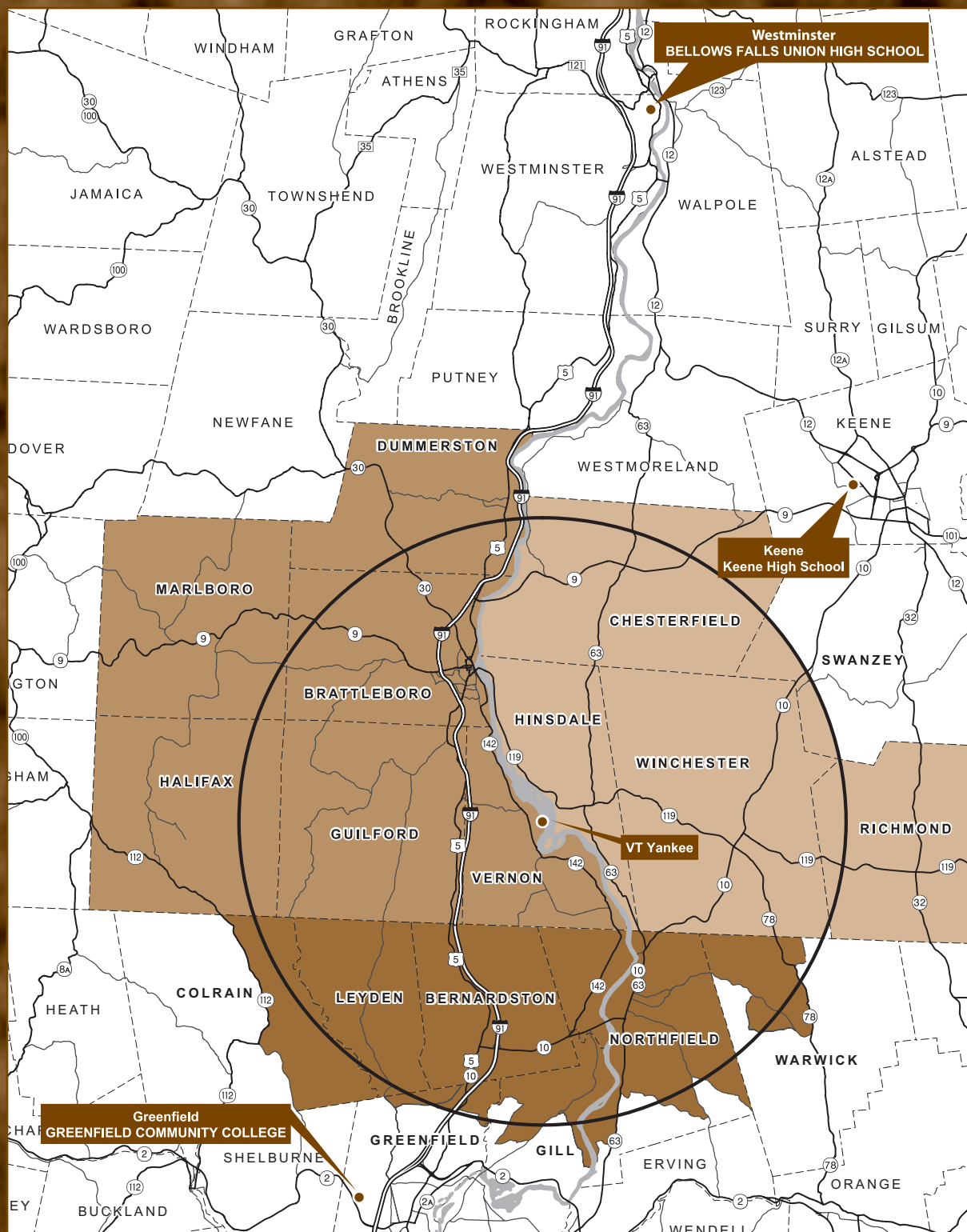
Chesterfield	603-363-4133
Hinsdale	603-336-5717
Richmond	603-239-6589
.....	603-239-4232
Swanzey	603-355-8852
Winchester	603-239-8103
.....	603-239-4814
New Hampshire Homeland Security and Emergency Management	603-271-2231
..... (NH only)	1-800-852-3792
Public Inquiry	(NH only) 1-800-458-2407
TTY Number	911 (TDD/TTY)

The toll-free 800 numbers function only within the state of New Hampshire.

For Emergency Planning information in advance, contact:

Chesterfield	603-363-4133
Hinsdale	603-336-5717
Richmond	603-239-4232
Swanzey	603-355-8852
Winchester	603-239-4814

**New Hampshire Homeland Security and Emergency
Management website at: www.nh.gov/safety/divisions/hsem**



Reception Centers

Reception Centers are available if you are asked to evacuate. The reception centers are outside the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone.

- Bellows Falls Union High School,
Westminister, Vermont
- Greenfield Community College,
Greenfield, Massachusetts
- Keene High School,
Keene, New Hampshire

Six Reasons To Go To A Reception Center

1. Your area may become unsafe.
2. If there has been a release of radioactive material from Vermont Yankee, you will be monitored and decontaminated if necessary.
3. Food and lodging will be provided to those persons who live in an evacuated area.
4. All persons who go to the reception center will be registered to facilitate re-unification with family members.
5. Registration will make possible later claims easier to establish.
6. Medical assistance and counseling will be available.

Out-of-State Reception Centers

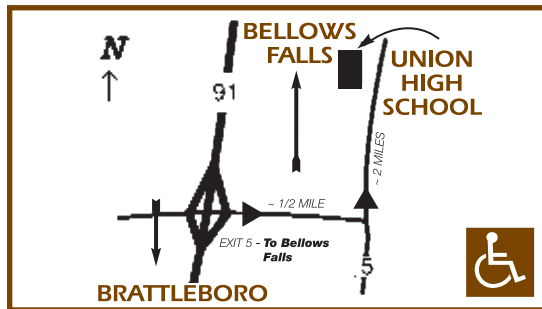
There may be circumstances when going to either the Westminister, Vermont; Keene, New Hampshire or Greenfield, Massachusetts Reception Center may be safer than going to your state's Reception Center. If you are already near one of those centers (you work nearby, are on a shopping trip, visiting friends, etc.) and going to your state's Reception Center would take you through the plume or potential plume, you should report to the nearby center. If you live or work in one of the EPZ towns, listen to the local EAS radio station for guidance. If there is a danger for you to drive to your state's Reception Center, you will be directed to either use an alternate route or go to one of the other reception centers. Maps to the centers follow.

The wind direction and your location within your community may affect the evacuation route that officials recommend. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers. Stay tuned to your local Emergency Alert System radio station for special instructions for your area. Take your time. Instructions will be given in plenty of time to allow you to evacuate safely.

Vermont

■ Bellows Falls Union High School

Westminster, Vermont



The primary reception center for Vermont is Bellows Falls Union High School. The Vermont Reception Center is operated by the State in cooperation with the town of Westminster, neighboring towns, and the American Red Cross. At the Center, you will be told where to obtain things such as food, cots, first aid, or possible medical assistance. You and members of your family will be reunited. Pets, firearms, illegal drugs, or alcohol are not permitted inside the Center. However, every attempt will be made to help you with your pet outside the Center.

An additional reception center is being planned in Vermont. Information about this center, once it is implemented, will be provided in news advisories should an emergency occur before the next calendar.

If an evacuation is ordered during school hours, children in public schools as well as licensed and registered childcare centers will probably be taken to the Reception Center located at Bellows Falls Union

High School. They will be processed for relocation to congregate care facilities. They will be cared for by school and childcare personnel until their parents or guardians arrive.

Directions to the Vermont Reception Center

Brattleboro: Follow any road or street to Exit 2 or Exit 3 (I-91), north on I-91 to Exit 5. Take U.S. Route 5 north to Bellows Falls Union School. (U.S. Rt. 5 may be used in lieu of I-91 north).

Dummerston: Follow U.S. Route 5 north to Bellows Falls Union High School.

Guilford: Follow town roads north or northeast to Rt. 9 or U.S. Route 5. From Rt. 9 proceed east to Exit 2 (I-91). From U.S. Rt. 5 proceed north to Exit 1 (I-91). From either Rt., proceed north on I-91 to Exit 5. Take U.S. Rt. 5 north to Bellows Falls Union High School. (U.S. Rt. 5 may be used in lieu of I-91 north).

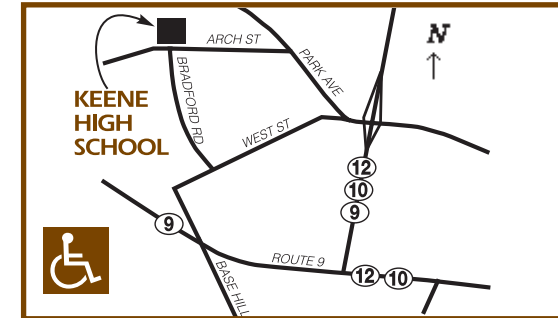
Halifax: Follow town roads north, northeast or east to Rt. 9 or U.S. Rt. 5. From Rt. 9 proceed east to Exit 2 (I-91). From either Rt., proceed north on I-91 to Exit 5. Take U.S. Rt. 5 north to Bellows Falls Union High School. (U.S. Rt. 5 may be used in lieu of I-91 north).

Vernon: Follow Rt. 142 or U.S. Rt. 5 north to Exit 1 (I-91). From either Rt., proceed north on I-91 to Exit 5. Take Rt. 5 north to Bellows Falls Union High School. (U.S. Rt. 5 may be used in lieu of I-91 north.)

New Hampshire

■ Keene High School

Keene, New Hampshire



Major roads and arteries will be used during an evacuation. Maps showing the preplanned major roads and arteries are provided above. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers. Stay tuned to a local EAS radio station for special instructions. Take your time. Instructions will be given in plenty of time to allow you to evacuate safely.

Directions to the New Hampshire Reception Center

Chesterfield: Proceed via Route 9 towards Keene for approximately 9 miles. Turn left onto Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 9, 10, and 12 and turn left at the end of the exit. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers into Keene High School parking lot.

Hinsdale: Proceed via Route 119 east to Route 10 north for approximately 13 miles. Proceed three quarters around the rotary to Route 101, 10, and 12. Turn right onto Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 9, 10, and 12 and turn left at the end of the exit. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers into Keene High School parking lot.

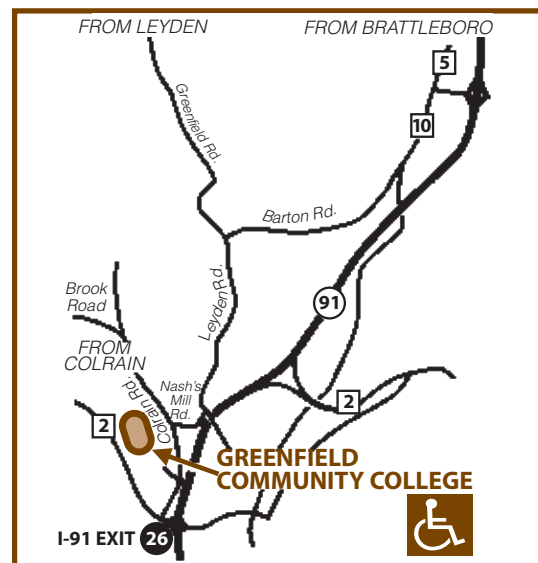
Richmond: Proceed to Route 32 north into Swanzey until reaching Route 12 intersection, approximately 12 miles. Turn left and continue north on Route 12. Turn left onto Route 101, 10, and 12. Proceed straight through rotary. Turn right onto Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 9, 10, and 12 and turn left at the end of the exit. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers into Keene High School parking lot.

Swanzey: Proceed via Route 10 north for approximately 5 miles. Proceed three quarters around the rotary to Route 101, 10, and 12. Turn right onto Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 10 and turn left at the end of the exit. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers into Keene High School parking lot.

Winchester: Proceed via Route 10 north for approximately 13 miles. Proceed three quarters around the rotary to Route 101, 10, and 12. Turn right onto Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 9, 10, and 12. Take the West Street exit off Route 10 and turn left at the end of the exit. Follow directions of police and other traffic officers into Keene High School parking lot.

Massachusetts

Greenfield Community College Greenfield, Massachusetts



Directions to the Massachusetts Reception Center

Bernardston: Proceed via Route 5 or 10 to I-91 south. Take I-91 exit 26 to Route 2 west. Take first right (Colrain Road) to Greenfield Community College.

Colrain: Proceed to Route 2 via Greenfield Road or Route 112 south. Follow Route 2 east toward Greenfield. At 1st traffic light, turn left onto Colrain Road to Greenfield Community College. Alternate route: proceed south via Greenfield Road, turn left onto Brook Road to Colrain Road to Greenfield Community College.

Gill: Follow local roads south to Route 2. Take Route 2 west to I-91 south. Take I-91 exit 26 to Route 2 west. Take first right (Colrain Road) to Greenfield Community College.

Greenfield: If west of I-91, proceed via Barton Road west to end at Leyden Road. Turn left and follow Leyden Road south to Nash's Mill Road. Turn right onto Nash's Mill Road and proceed to the end. Turn left onto Colrain Road and proceed south to Greenfield Community College. If east of I-91, proceed via Routes 5 and 10 south to Route 2. Follow Route 2 west to I-91 south. Take I-91 exit 26 to Route 2 west. Take first right (Colrain Road) to Greenfield Community College.

Leyden: Proceed via Greenfield Road south, which becomes Leyden Road in Greenfield. Follow Leyden Road to Nash's Mill Road, turn right and proceed on Nash's Mill Road to end at Colrain Road. Turn left onto Colrain Road, proceed south to Greenfield Community College.

Northfield: Proceed to I-91 south via Route 10 west or Route 63 south to Route 2 west. Take I-91 exit 26 to Route 2 west. Take first right (Colrain Road) to Greenfield Community College.

Warwick: Follow Route 78 south to Route 2A, west to Route 2 to I-91 south. Take I-91 exit 26 to Route 2 west. Take first right (Colrain Road) to Greenfield Community College.

How to Travel

- While traveling in your car, close all windows and vents and turn off heaters or air conditioners as you go to the reception center.
- Keep the car radio tuned to an Emergency Alert System station.
- Drive out of the area to the reception center along one of the routes shown on pages 10, 11, and 12.

Follow directions of police and other traffic officers. Stay tuned to your local Emergency Alert System radio station for special instructions for your area. Take your time. Instructions will be given in plenty of time to allow you to evacuate safely. If you require emergency Police, Fire or Ambulance assistance, call 9-1-1. Use this number for emergencies only.

At the Center

At a Center, you will be referred to agencies that can provide the assistance you need such as food, bedding, first aid, or possible medical referral assistance. A locator service is available to assist you and members of your family in finding one another if you are separated during an emergency. Firearms, illegal drugs, or alcohol are not permitted at the reception center or mass-care facilities.

You will be registered and you may be checked for contamination. Emergency workers will decontaminate and care for anyone needing this type of assistance. If you have any additional needs, officials will assist you. At the reception center, you will be directed to a mass-care shelter offering meals and overnight lodging, or you may choose to stay with friends or relatives outside the area until the emergency is over.

Other Important Information

Information for Farmers

For information for farmers and food processors, contact:

Department of Agriculture, Markets & Food
25 Capitol St, 2nd Floor
Concord, NH 03301
1-603-271-3551

NH Department of Health & Human Services
Division of Public Health Services
29 Hazen Drive
Concord, NH 03301
1-603-271-4588

For a book link: http://www.nh.gov/agric/divisions/animal_industry/documents/RERPEmerInfoforFarmersFoodProcessorsandDistributors.pdf



Emergency Plan Testing

To make sure that the emergency plan works well, it is tested regularly. This testing may be in the form of a drill in which emergency workers and public officials practice part or all of the plan or an exercise in which emergency workers and public officials are evaluated by a state or federal agency on how they respond. In both cases a serious problem is simulated and emergency workers and public officials go through the emergency actions in the plans and procedures that apply. In both drills and exercises the term “this is a drill” should precede and follow each communication. If you happen to overhear a communication that has the term “this is a drill” in it, you should be reassured that some portion of the many plans and procedures are being tested. The major drills and exercises will be announced in local newspapers prior to their occurrence; but weekly and monthly drills will not be, as their schedule changes frequently and sometimes are intentionally unannounced.

All Hazards

Although Vermont Yankee purchased and installed the sirens in Brattleboro and Vernon and has invested a significant amount of money in the National Weather Service Transmitter in Marlboro, VT, sirens and Tone-Alert Radios can be used for any emergency when State or local officials need for you to listen to an EAS radio station for information or instructions. Do not take any action when you hear the sirens or Tone-Alert Radios until you listen to the EAS radio message. Sirens will not be intentionally activated unless there is a compelling reason.

Personal Planning Guide

Fill in these blanks now and go over this information with your family. Decide who would pick up school children at the host school reception center and where to meet if you were apart in an emergency. Be sure children know what to do if they are alone and the sirens sound. Talk to your neighbors so you can help each other if necessary.

It is a good idea to keep some things handy in case of an emergency such as a portable radio, flashlight, extra batteries, and bulbs. Keep your car in good running order and don't let the gas tank get too low.

Your communities Emergency Operations Center number is on page 9.

This will all save time and avoid confusion in an emergency.

*My best evacuation route is: _____

*My reception center is located at: _____

*My school children will be taken to: _____

Prescription medicines I will need: _____

 My Potassium Iodide is located at: _____

 Important papers I will need: _____

 I could get emergency transportation at: _____

My local Emergency Management Office

non-emergency number

during regular business hours is: _____

My local Emergency Management Office

emergency number is: _____

My local Fire/Police **non-emergency**

number is: _____

Other things to remember: _____

*May change based on wind direction at the time of the emergency.

Permission has been granted for one-time use only of the photos in this publication. Credits for each photo are included.

Cover Photo: Vernon Dam – Vernon, Vermont – *Photo courtesy of Windham County Historical Society*

About Potassium Iodide (KI)

What is potassium iodide?

Potassium iodide is a chemical compound that contains iodine, a chemical necessary for the normal functioning of the thyroid gland. It is known by its chemical symbol, KI. It is manufactured in pill form to be used to prevent the thyroid gland from absorbing a radioactive form of iodine that might be released during an accident at a nuclear power plant. It is intended to protect against thyroid cancer.

How does it work?

KI protects the thyroid gland by satisfying its requirement for iodine. If someone were then exposed to radioactive iodine, it would not be absorbed by the gland. KI has no effect at all on radiation itself. It does not provide protection for parts of the body other than the thyroid and it provides no protection against other forms of radiation. Evacuation remains the primary protective action during a radiological emergency.

Who can take KI?

Most people can take KI without side effects, but it is a drug and you should consult your doctor before taking any medication. A small number of people could have side effects. Anyone who is allergic to iodine should not take it. People who are allergic to shellfish are likely to also be allergic to iodine.

Where can I get KI?

KI is available free of charge from the State of New Hampshire to everyone who lives or works within the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone around

Vermont Yankee. Instructions for ordering KI for yourself and your family are contained in this calendar. Additional copies of the application form may be downloaded from <http://www.dhhs.state.nh.us/DHHS/RADHEALTH/ki-distribution.htm>. It may also be ordered by telephone, mail or via the Internet from several sources.

How will I know when to take it?

To be effective, KI should be taken immediately before or within a few hours after exposure to radiation. You should take it only at the direction of state public health officials who will decide the most appropriate time to do so. That recommendation would be immediately announced through the Emergency Alert System and the news media.

What would happen if I took KI without direction from emergency officials?

Probably nothing. It is very unlikely that you would suffer any ill effects if you took KI because of a false alarm or "just in case" because you thought there was a radiological emergency underway.

Should I have KI for my children?

Yes. Children are more susceptible to thyroid cancer than adults because they are growing rapidly. Doses should be given according to the child's weight or age if possible. KI comes in 130 mg pills. Adults 18 years or older or adolescents weighing more than 150 lbs. should take one pill during an emergency when directed by state public health officials. Children aged 3-17 should take one-half a pill, or 65 mg of KI. Children aged one month to three years should receive one-quarter of a pill, or

32 mg and infants from birth through one month should receive one-eighth of a pill or 16 mg. The pills can be cut with a sharp knife and young children should receive their dose in milk, water, applesauce or pudding. However, in the event of an emergency, a child may be given a whole tablet.

Where should I store KI?

Like any other medication, KI should be stored at room temperature away from moisture. It should also be kept in an accessible location, so you remember where it is and can get to it in case of emergency. KI has a shelf life of five years.

Who assumes legal liability of use of KI?

You do. The use of KI is voluntary. No one is required to accept it or use it. If you choose to accept KI from the state distribution program, you will be required to sign an informed consent form on which you state that you understand its use and potential risks.

Order from internet websites:
www.drugstore.com

Anbex, Inc.
IOSAT Tablets
Order from internet website:
www.anbex.com

Anbex, Inc.
35246 US 19 N. Suite 284
Palm Harbor, FL 34684-1931

Although evacuation is generally the most effective protective action, sheltering-in-place may be recommended and desirable in some special circumstances.

About Potassium Iodide (KI)



Application Form

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission has enabled each individual who lives or works in an Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) surrounding either Seabrook Station or Vermont Yankee to receive one 130-mg tablet of potassium iodide from the State of New Hampshire to use in the event of a radiological emergency.

Name _____

Mailing Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Telephone _____

Number of people at this address requesting adult dosage Potassium Iodide: _____

Number of people at this address requesting pediatric dosage Potassium Iodide: _____

By completing and submitting this application to receive potassium iodide tablets from the State of New Hampshire, I understand the following:

- The use of potassium iodide is voluntary. I am not required to accept it or use it.

■ Children under 14 years of age are most at risk from the effects of radioactive iodines on the thyroid gland.
- Potassium iodide is NOT a substitute for evacuation. Evacuation is the most effective protective action in the event of a radiological emergency.

■ Although KI is generally safe, it can cause health risks in persons with existing thyroid conditions and those allergic to iodine or shellfish. Anyone considering using potassium iodide should consult with his/her health care provider.
- Potassium iodide protects only the thyroid gland from only radioactive iodines. In a radiological release, I would still be vulnerable to possible exposure to other forms of radiation.
- I assume full liability for using potassium iodide and for replacing the tablets when they expire.

Signature _____ Date _____

Mail This Form To:

Office of Radiological Health
Div. of Public Health Services
29 Hazen Drive
Concord, NH 03301-6527

FAMILY EMERGENCY PLANNING GUIDE FOR VERMONTYANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION

Keep a copy of your family emergency plan information in your car, briefcase or purse. Photocopy as needed for additional family members.

Fill in the blanks now and discuss this information with your family. Decide who would pick up your children and where to meet if you were apart in an emergency. Be sure your children know what to do if they are alone and the sirens sound. Talk to your neighbors so you can help each other.

My Emergency Alert System (EAS) Radio Stations are (see page ____):

My Reception Center is located at (see page ____):

My children's Host Schools/Day Cares are (see page ____):

My family's check-in phone number is: _____

My family's meeting place is: _____

My Potassium Iodide (KI) location: _____

My Prescription List location: _____

Required important papers: _____

My Pet Emergency Kit location (see page ____): _____

Pet-friendly hotels/facilities: _____

NOTES: _____

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NOTES: _____

HOW YOU WILL KNOW THERE IS AN EMERGENCY

- The loud, steady tone of the outdoor emergency sirens, lasting 3 to 5 minutes
- Broadcasts from loudspeakers on police and other official vehicles
- Tone-alert Emergency Alert System radios
- Calls to your home or business from an automated high-speed telephone call system
- A message on Teletypewriters (TTYs) if you have registered with a town Emergency Management Office to be notified over TTY in case of an emergency
- Word of mouth

If you hear any of these signals, turn to one of the Emergency Alert System radio stations immediately.

Tune to your local Emergency Alert Systems (EAS) radio station for emergency instructions. Instructions may be relayed day or night and will include recommendations on what to do for your protection. Follow instructions carefully. Information will be provided regularly.

Local EAS Stations

WKBK	Keene	1290 AM*	
WKNE	Keene	103.7 FM*	
WZBK	Keene	1220 AM*	
WINQ	Keene	98.7 FM*	
WYRY	Keene	104.9 FM*	*Station operates 24/7

For help during an emergency:

Chesterfield.....	603-363-4133
Hinsdale.....	603-336-5717
Richmond.....	603-239-6589
.....	603-239-4232
Swanzey	603-355-8852
Winchester.....	603-239-8103
.....	603-239-4814
New Hampshire Homeland Security and Emergency Management.....	603-271-2231
..... (NH only)	1-800-852-3792
Public Inquiry.....	(NH only) 1-800-458-2407
TTY (all towns)	911 (TDD/TTY)

The toll-free 800 numbers function only within the state of New Hampshire.

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If you would like additional copies of this calendar, please call or write:

New Hampshire Homeland Security
and Emergency Management
33 Hazen Drive
Concord, NH 03305
603-271-2231

Vermont Yankee
Entergy Nuclear Northeast
185 Old Ferry Road Box 0500
Brattleboro, VT 05302-0500
1-888-766-3765 (Toll Free)

For those with Special Needs



Provisions have been made to provide transportation for all persons with special needs. It is important that you make any special needs known beforehand. For example, special needs could include a walking disability, sight or hearing impairment or need for specialized medical equipment.

Contact your local Emergency Management Director or New Hampshire Homeland Security and Emergency Management 1-603-2271-2231 or www.nh.gov/safety/divisions/hsem on the internet; or use the confidential card contained in this calendar

I live in the town of _____



BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 2159 CONCORD, NH

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

NEW HAMPSHIRE HOMELAND SECURITY
AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
33 HAZEN DRIVE
CONCORD, NH 03305-9896



NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE
UNITED STATES



RENTS Registration Card

Rapid Emergency Notification Telephone System

RENTS is an acronym for the Rapid Emergency Notification Telephone System currently in place in the Vermont Yankee Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ). It is a high-speed telephone communication service for emergency notifications. This system allows both local and state emergency management personnel to telephone all or targeted areas of the EPZ in case of an emergency situation that requires immediate action.

The system is capable of dialing 60,000 phone numbers per hour. It then delivers a recorded message to a live person or an answering machine, making three attempts to connect to any number.

The message sent via RENTS will be crafted to be as short and direct as possible in order to convey the necessary information to ensure the public's safety. The message will include the date and time of the incident, specific instructions, and contact information for questions.

If you live or work in the EPZ and have an unlisted landline telephone number or a personal cellular telephone number that you would like added to the RENTS call list, please fill out the registration card below in its entirety.

A new RENTS Registration Card should be sent in EACH YEAR.

This information will be kept confidential and will only be used in an actual emergency or in a capacity to test the notification system. Multiple local media outlets will be notified of any scheduled tests.

First Name: _____ Last Name: _____

Address: _____ Apt. Number: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____ Plus 4: _____

Primary Phone: _____ Alternate Phone: _____

Please circle which answer applies to you.

Is your primary phone number a cell phone number? Y N

Is your alternate phone number a cell phone number? Y N

Do you utilize a TTD/TTY with your primary phone number? Y N

Do you utilize a TTD/TTY with your alternate phone number? Y N

PLEASE TEAR ALONG DOTTED LINE, SEAL CLOSED WITH ADDRESS
FACING OUT, AND MAIL. NO POSTAGE IS NECESSARY

Postal Customer

PRSR STD
US POSTAGE
PAID
PUTNEY, VT
PERMIT #1
ECRWSS

New Hampshire Homeland Security
and Emergency Management
33 Hazen Drive
Concord, NH 03305